

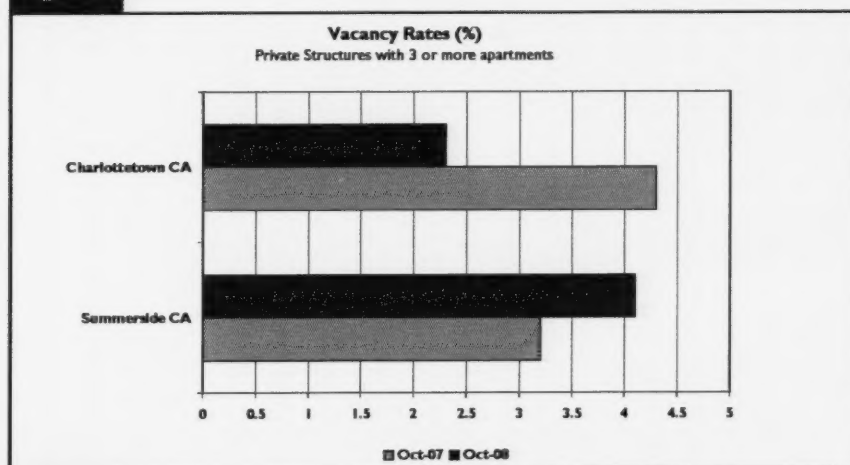
RENTAL MARKET REPORT

Prince Edward Island Highlights*

Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation

Release Date: Fall 2008

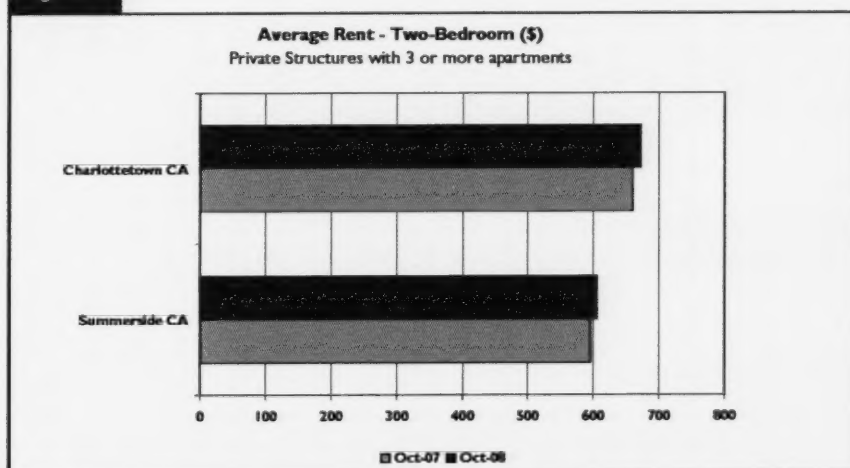
Figure 1



Urban Vacancy Rate Posts a Decline in 2008

- The overall vacancy rate in Prince Edward Island's urban centres stood at 2.6 per cent in October 2008.
- Charlottetown posted a lower vacancy rate than the province with an overall vacancy rate of 2.3 per cent.
- The average two-bedroom rent in Charlottetown was \$672, compared to the Summerside average of \$606.

Figure 2



*Only centres with a population of 10,000 + are included in the survey. Detailed reports are available for CMAs.

Overview

Results from Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation's 2008 Rental Market Survey, which was conducted during the first two weeks of October, indicated that the vacancy rate in Charlottetown decreased while there was a moderate increase in Summerside.

Vacancy Rates

The overall vacancy rate in Charlottetown had been following an upward trend since 2001 after recording a near record low of 1.8 per cent in 2001. However, in 2007 the vacancy rate began trending back down and currently stands at 2.3 per cent as compared to 4.3 per cent in 2007. Two bedroom units, which make up the vast majority of the rental universe, posted a vacancy rate of 2.2 per cent, down from 4.5 per cent last year.

The vacancy rate in Summerside posted a moderate increase in 2008, rising from 3.2 per cent last October to 4.1 per cent this year. This increase in the vacancy rate resulted from additional vacant two bedroom units, which represent the bulk of the rental universe. The vacancy rate for these units rose from 2.6 per cent to 3.9 per cent this year.

Average Rents

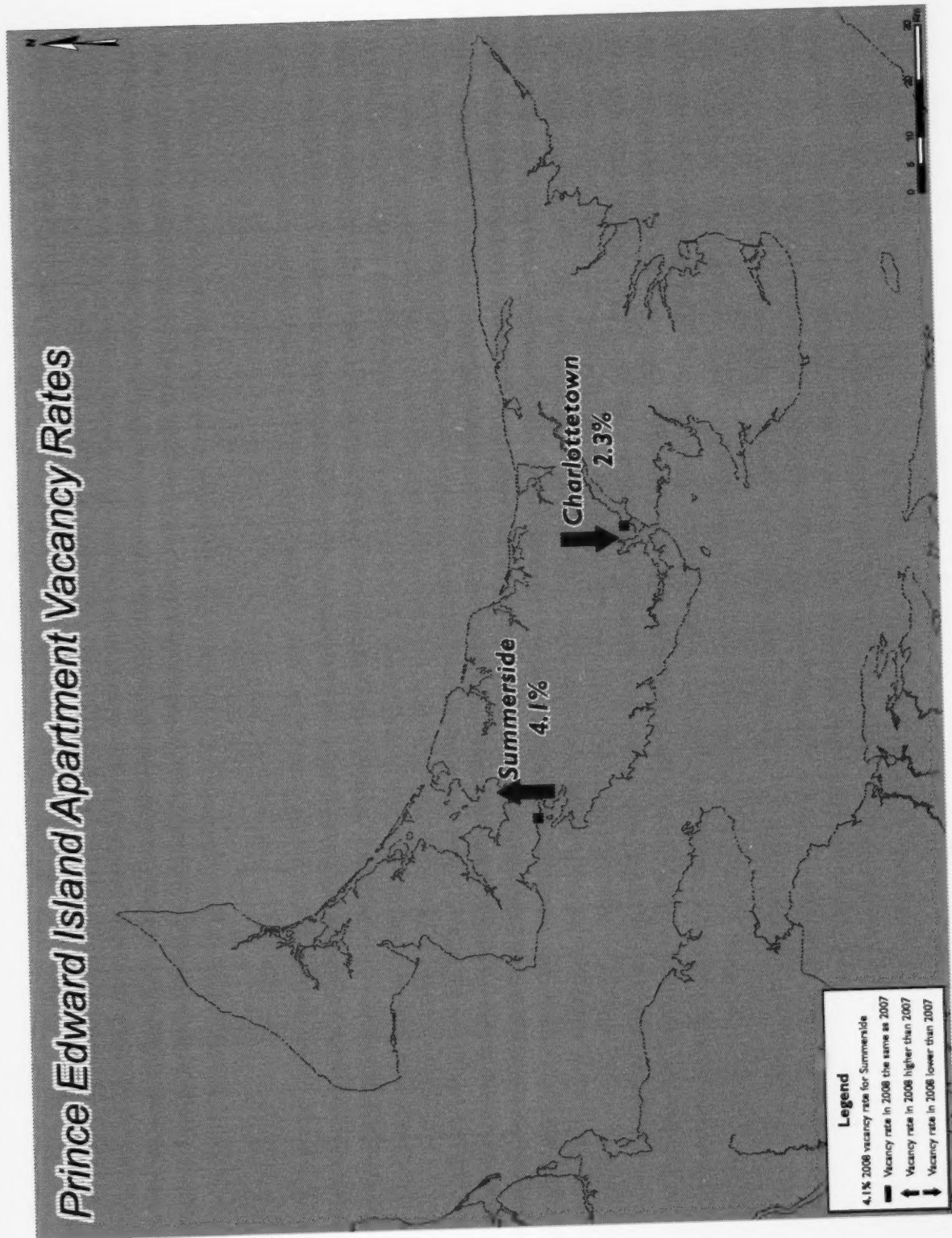
Average rents in the Capital Region rose 2.2 per cent in October 2008. This year to year comparison excludes the impact of new structures added to the rental universe between surveys and conversions, and allows a better indication of the rent increase in existing structures.

This year's overall increase in average rents was 2.3 per cent, which was more than double the 1.0 per cent increase allowed by the Island Regulatory and Appeals Commission (IRAC), which manages residential rental increases on the Island. The most likely reason for the difference between the recorded and the allowable rental increase is the increased competition among tenants for the most desirable units. Now that the projects built over the past five years are fully integrated in the local markets, landlords will have little cause to offer rental incentives or rent reductions. Also, landlords will be looking to increase rents to make up for the high heating costs experienced in the 2007/2008 winter due to the rapid rise in the price of heating oil.

Availability Rate

The availability rate in Charlottetown fell to 4.0 per cent from 6.0 per cent, while in Summerside it rose from 3.5 per cent to 4.2 per cent.

Prince Edward Island Apartment Vacancy Rates



I.1.1 Private Apartment Vacancy Rates (%) by Bedroom Type Prince Edward Island

Centre	Bachelor		1 Bedroom		2 Bedroom		3 Bedroom +		Total	
	Oct-07	Oct-08	Oct-07	Oct-08	Oct-07	Oct-08	Oct-07	Oct-08	Oct-07	Oct-08
Charlottetown CA	5.6 b	4.2 c	3.4 a	2.0 a	4.5 a	2.2 a	6.5 c	3.1 d	4.3 a	2.3 a
Summerside CA	**	**	2.4 a	1.5 b	2.6 a	3.9 b	8.8 a	9.5 b	3.2 a	4.1 b
Prince Edward Island 10,000+	5.1 b	4.5 c	3.3 a	1.9 a	4.1 a	2.5 a	7.3 b	5.4 c	4.1 a	2.6 a

The following letter codes are used to indicate the reliability of the estimates:

a – Excellent, b – Very good, c – Good, d – Fair (Use with Caution)

** Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data is not statistically reliable

n/u: No units exist in universe for this category n/s: No units exist in the sample for this category n/a: Not applicable

Please click [Methodology](#) or [Data Reliability Tables Appendix](#) links for more details

I.1.2 Private Apartment Average Rents (\$) by Bedroom Type Prince Edward Island

Centre	Bachelor		1 Bedroom		2 Bedroom		3 Bedroom +		Total	
	Oct-07	Oct-08	Oct-07	Oct-08	Oct-07	Oct-08	Oct-07	Oct-08	Oct-07	Oct-08
Charlottetown CA	435 a	432 a	524 a	538 a	659 a	672 a	769 a	798 a	616 a	629 a
Summerside CA	457 b	425 a	474 a	469 a	595 a	606 a	666 a	700 a	582 a	591 a
Prince Edward Island 10,000+	437 a	431 a	519 a	531 a	648 a	660 a	728 a	759 a	610 a	622 a

The following letter codes are used to indicate the reliability of the estimates (cv = coefficient of variation):

a – Excellent ($0 \leq cv \leq 2.5$), b – Very good ($2.5 < cv \leq 5$), c – Good ($5 < cv \leq 7.5$)

d – Fair (Use with Caution) ($7.5 < cv \leq 10$)

** Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data is not statistically reliable

n/u: No units exist in universe for this category n/s: No units exist in the sample for this category n/a: Not applicable

Please click [Methodology](#) or [Data Reliability Tables Appendix](#) links for more details

1.1.3 Number of Private Apartment Units Vacant and Universe in October 2008 by Bedroom Type Prince Edward Island

Centre	Bachelor		1 Bedroom		2 Bedroom		3 Bedroom +		Total	
	Vacant	Total	Vacant	Total	Vacant	Total	Vacant	Total	Vacant	Total
Charlottetown CA	7 c	157	21 a	1,077	54 a	2,405	5 d	152	86 a	3,790
Summerside CA	**	16	2 b	150	19 b	497	8 b	84	31 b	746
Prince Edward Island 10,000+	8 c	173	23 a	1,226	73 a	2,902	13 c	235	117 a	4,536

The following letter codes are used to indicate the reliability of the estimates:

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n/u: No units exist in universe for this category n/s: No units exist in the sample for this category n/a: Not applicable

Please click [Methodology](#) or [Data Reliability Tables Appendix](#) links for more details

1.1.4 Private Apartment Availability Rates (%) by Bedroom Type Prince Edward Island

Centre	Bachelor		1 Bedroom		2 Bedroom		3 Bedroom +		Total	
	Oct-07	Oct-08	Oct-07	Oct-08	Oct-07	Oct-08	Oct-07	Oct-08	Oct-07	Oct-08
Charlottetown CA	6.9 b	5.6 c	6.3 a	4.1 b	5.7 a	3.9 a	7.1 c	3.1 d	6.0 a	4.0 a
Summerside CA	**	**	2.4 a	1.5 b	3.0 a	4.1 b	8.8 a	9.5 b	3.5 a	4.2 b
Prince Edward Island 10,000+	6.3 b	5.8 c	5.9 a	3.8 a	5.2 a	3.9 a	7.7 b	5.4 c	5.6 a	4.0 a

The following letter codes are used to indicate the reliability of the estimates:

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Please click [Methodology](#) or [Data Reliability Tables Appendix](#) links for more details

**1.1.5 Private Apartment Estimate of Percentage Change (%) of Average Rent¹
by Bedroom Type
Prince Edward Island**

Centre	Bachelor		1 Bedroom		2 Bedroom		3 Bedroom +		Total	
	Oct-06 to Oct-07	Oct-07 to Oct-08	Oct-06 to Oct-07	Oct-07 to Oct-08	Oct-06 to Oct-07	Oct-07 to Oct-08	Oct-06 to Oct-07	Oct-07 to Oct-08	Oct-06 to Oct-07	Oct-07 to Oct-08
Charlottetown CA	++	2.2 c	1.5 a	2.0 b	++	3.3 d	1.9 c	3.8 d	1.3 a	2.2 a
Summerside CA	**	**	++	++	++	++	-3.0 a	6.2 c	++	**
Prince Edward Island 10,000+	++	1.9 c	1.2 a	1.9 b	++	3.1 d	0.9 d	4.4 d	1.0 a	2.3 a

¹The Estimate of Percentage Change is a measure of the market movement, and is based on those structures that were common to the survey for both years.

The following letter codes are used to indicate the reliability of the estimates:

a – Excellent, b – Very good, c – Good, d – Fair (Use with Caution)

** Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data is not statistically reliable

++ change in rent is not statistically significant. This means that the change in rent is not statistically different than zero (0)

n/u: No units exist in universe for this category n/s: No units exist in the sample for this category n/a: Not applicable

Please click [Methodology](#) or [Data Reliability Tables Appendix](#) links for more details

METHODOLOGY FOR RENTAL MARKET SURVEY

Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC) conducts the **Rental Market Survey (RMS)** every year in April and October to estimate the relative strengths in the rental market. The survey is conducted on a sample basis in all urban areas with populations of 10,000 and more. The survey targets only privately initiated structures with at least three rental units, which have been on the market for at least three months. The survey collects market rent, available and vacant unit data from sampled structures. Most RMS data contained in this publication refer to privately initiated apartment structures.

The survey is conducted by a combination of telephone interviews and site visits, and information is obtained from the owner, manager, or building superintendent. The survey is conducted during the first two weeks of April/October, and the results reflect market conditions at that time.

CMHC's Rental Market Survey provides a snapshot of vacancy and availability rates, and average rents in both new and existing structures. In October 2006, CMHC has introduced a new measure for the change in rent that is calculated based on existing structures only. This estimate is based on structures that were common to the survey sample the previous year and the current year of the Rental Market Survey. The change in rent in existing structures is an estimate of the change in rent that the landlords charge and removes compositional effects on the rent level movement due to new buildings, conversions, and survey sample rotation. The estimate of per cent change in rent is available in the Rental Market Report – Canada Highlights, Provincial Highlights, and the local Rental Market Reports. The rent levels in new and existing structures are also published. While the per cent change in rents in existing structures published in the reports are statistically significant, changes in rents that one might calculate based on rent levels in new and existing structures may or may not be statistically significant.

METHODOLOGY FOR SECONDARY RENTAL MARKET SURVEY

Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC) conducts a survey of the **Secondary Rental Market (SRMS)** in September and October to estimate the relative strengths in the secondary rental market which is defined as those dwellings not covered by the regular RMS. CMHC has identified the following dwelling components to be included in SRMS:

- Rented single-detached houses.
- Rented double (semi-detached) houses (i.e.. Two units of approximate equal size and under one roof that are situated either side-by-side or front-to-back).
- Rented freehold row/town homes.
- Rented duplex apartments (i.e.. one-above-other).
- Rented accessory apartments (separate dwelling units that are located within the structure of another dwelling type).
- Rented condominiums (can be any dwelling type but are primarily apartments).
- One or two apartments which are part of a commercial or other type of structure.

The SRMS has three components which are conducted in selected CMAs:

- A Household Rent Survey of all households to collect information about rents.
- A Condominium Apartment Rent Survey of households living in condominium apartments to collect information about rents.
- A Condominium Apartment Vacancy Survey of condominium apartment owners to collect vacancy information.

All three surveys are conducted by telephone interviews. For the condominium apartment vacancy survey, information is obtained from the owner, manager, or building superintendent and can be supplemented by site visits if no telephone contact is made. For the other two surveys, information is collected from an adult living in the household. All surveys are conducted in September and October, and the results reflect market conditions at that time.

CMHC publishes the number of units rented and vacancy rates for the condominium vacancy survey. For the condominium rent and household rent surveys, the average rent is published. A letter code representing the statistical reliability (i.e., the coefficient of variation (CV)) for each estimate is provided to indicate the data reliability. In 2008, rented condominium apartments were surveyed in the following CMAs: Vancouver, Victoria, Calgary, Edmonton, Regina, Saskatoon, Toronto, Ottawa, Montréal and Québec (NOTE: condo rent data was not collected for Regina and Saskatoon). Other secondary rental market units were surveyed in Abbotsford, Barrie, Calgary, Edmonton, Halifax, Montreal, Ottawa, Quebec, St. John's, Toronto, Regina, Saskatoon, Kelowna, Vancouver and Victoria.

DEFINITIONS

Availability: A rental unit is considered available if the existing tenant has given, or has received, notice to move, and a new tenant has not signed a lease; or the unit is vacant (see definition of vacancy below).

Rent: The rent refers to the actual amount tenants pay for their unit. No adjustments are made for the inclusion or exclusion of amenities and services such as heat, hydro, parking, and hot water. For available and vacant units, the rent is the amount the owner is asking for the unit.

It should be noted that the average rents reported in this publication provide a sound indication of the amounts paid by unit size and geographical sector. Utilities such as heating, electricity and hot water may or may not be included in the rent.

Rental Apartment Structure: Any building containing three or more rental units, of which at least one unit is not ground oriented. Owner-occupied units are not included in the rental building unit count.

Rental Row (Townhouse) Structure: Any building containing three or more rental units, all of which are ground oriented with vertical divisions. Owner-occupied units are not included in the rental building unit count. These row units in some centres are commonly referred to as townhouses.

Vacancy: A unit is considered vacant if, at the time of the survey, it is physically unoccupied and available for immediate rental.

Definitions of Census Areas referred to in this publication are as follows:

A census metropolitan area (CMA) or a census agglomeration (CA) is formed by one or more adjacent municipalities centred on a large urban area (known as the urban core). The census population count of the urban core is at least 10,000 to form a census agglomeration and at least 100,000 to form a census metropolitan area. To be included in the CMA or CA, other adjacent municipalities must have a high degree of integration with the central urban area, as measured by commuting flows derived from census place of work data. CMAs and CAs contain whole municipalities or Census Subdivisions.

All data presented in this publication is based on Statistics Canada's 2001 and 2006 Census area definitions.

Acknowledgement

The Rental Market Survey and the Secondary Rental Market Survey could not have been conducted without the cooperation of the rental property owners, managers, building superintendents and household members throughout Canada. CMHC acknowledges their hard work and assistance in providing timely and accurate information. As a result of their contribution, CMHC is able to provide information that benefits the entire housing industry.

Rental Affordability Indicator

Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation has developed a new rental affordability indicator to gauge how affordable a rental market is for those households which rent within that market. The level of income required for a household to rent a median priced two-bedroom apartment, using 30 per cent of its income, is calculated. The three-year moving average of median income of households in a centre is then divided by this required income. The resulting number is then multiplied by 100 to form the indicator. A value above 100 indicates that less than 30 per cent of the median income is required to rent a two-bedroom apartment, conversely, a value below 100 indicates that more than 30 per cent of the median income is required to rent the same unit. In general, as the indicator increases, the market becomes more affordable; as the indicator declines, the market becomes less affordable.

Median renter household income estimates used in the calculation of the rental affordability indicator are based on results of Statistics Canada's Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics. Results for this survey are available from 1994 to 2005. CMHC has developed forecasts of median renter household income for 2006, 2007 and 2008.

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